

RELEASE IN FULL

**From:** Sullivan, Jacob J <SullivanJJ@state.gov>  
**Sent:** Wednesday, April 13, 2011 12:03 PM  
**To:** H  
**Subject:** FW: English Text of Prince Turki speech

**Importance:** High

See Prince Turki speech below, which has a number of interesting dimensions, among them this:

why not have a nuclear deterrent with which to face Iran - should international efforts fail to prevent Iran from developing nuclear weapons - or Israeli nuclear capabilities?

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**From:** Andrews, Theodore H  
**Sent:** Wednesday, April 13, 2011 10:54 AM  
**To:** Sullivan, Jacob J  
**Cc:** Gent, Stephanie R  
**Subject:** English Text of Prince Turki speech  
**Importance:** High

*Thanks to NEA for help in getting this ...*

Global Strategic Developments: A Futuristic Vision Keynote Address H.R.H.  
 Prince Turki Al Faisal Bin Abdel Aziz Al Saud Monday 21 March 2011

Periods of change must be confronted wisely so as to both utilize their positive aspects and avoid their negative effects. The unipolar world order which has reigned since the collapse of the Soviet Union is not eternal; new powers are emerging, such as China, India, Brazil, South Africa, the European Union, Russia, and even the GCC, thanks to its wealth. This confirms that we are witnessing a redistribution of power, moving toward a multi-polar world order. Natural disasters and climate change are also at work, and contribute to shaping the future of our world.

The Arab world has been hit by a political earthquake; Sudan was divided, regimes collapsed in Tunisia and Egypt, Libya is in turmoil, and Bahrain has been on the verge of chaos.

In the GCC, we are facing vast challenges which we must overcome in order to lead. An analysis of the current situation shows that we are vulnerable politically, economically, culturally and in terms of security, and we cannot afford to assume that the stability and growth we have enjoyed so far will continue unabated. Change is a fact of life; therefore, these strategic vulnerabilities must be curtailed, and greater efforts should be made to secure our future.

I would like to stress that we have reached the stage where we must rethink many of the axioms which were appropriate in the past, and which enabled us to face challenges such as the Iranian Revolution, the Iran-Iraq war, the invasion of Kuwait, and the occupation of Iraq. The wealth of the region alone is not enough to secure its stability. We should be active in relation to all international issues and should not allow others to impose their will on us under the pretext of vulnerability.

We should seek to unite and unify our political and security-related decisions, and reconsider the goals and aims of the Gulf Cooperation Council. Why not seek to turn the GCC into a grouping like the European Union? why not have one unified Gulf army? why not have a nuclear deterrent with which to face Iran - should international efforts fail to prevent Iran from developing nuclear weapons - or Israeli nuclear capabilities?

We must also reconsider the nature of national sovereignty, which could result in the failure of joint initiatives. We in the GCC deeply believe that the security of one country contributes to the security of others, and a danger which threatens one is a threat to all. This means that we share a collective sovereignty. We have recently witnessed how the GCC countries responded to the challenges facing some of its members - namely Oman and Bahrain - just as they responded in the past to the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait.

We need to proceed as one regional bloc. We must overcome our differences - including those related to monetary union and a GCC central bank - through dialogue and mutual understanding. We should remember that we share the same future.

We must also consider regional conditions and make reforms as required to enhance our domestic stability; we cannot be strong externally if we are not strong internally. We need to review our economic policies which have made us a market for international labour while our citizens are unemployed. We need to review our cultural policies, enhance the concept of citizenship and promote Gulf citizenship.

The problems and challenges facing us are vast, but they are not insurmountable.